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VIVEKANANDHA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING FOR WOMEN
 [AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION AFFILIATED TO ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI]
 Elayampalayam – 637 205, Tiruchengode, Namakkal Dt., Tamil Nadu.

Question Paper Code: 20012

B.E. / B.Tech. DEGREE END-SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – JAN. / FEB. 2025

First Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

U15MA101 – CALCULUS

(Regulation 2015)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Answer ALL the questions

Knowledge Levels (KL)	K1 – Remembering	K3 – Applying	K5 - Evaluating
	K2 – Understanding	K4 – Analyzing	K6 - Creating

PART – A

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

Q.No.	Questions	Marks	KL	CO
1.	Find $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^{5/8} - a^{5/8}}{x^{1/3} - a^{1/3}}$.	2	K1	CO1
2.	Determine whether the function is even or odd $f(x) = e^{x^2}$.	2	K2	CO1
3.	Write Taylor's series expansion for functions of three variables.	2	K1	CO2
4.	Find the critical values of the function $f(x) = 2x^3 - 3x^2 - 36x$.	2	K2	CO2
5.	Evaluate $\int x \sin x \, dx$.	2	K2	CO3
6.	Evaluate $\int (\log x)^2 \, dx$.	2	K2	CO3
7.	Evaluate $\int_2^a \int_2^b \frac{dx dy}{xy}$.	2	K2	CO4
8.	Change the order of integration of $\int_0^a \int_y^a f(x, y) \, dy dx$.	2	K2	CO4
9.	Find the general solution of $(D^2 + 1)y = 0$.	2	K1	CO5
10.	Find the Particular Integral of $(D^2 - 9)y = e^{-3x}$.	2	K2	CO5

PART – B

(5 x 16 = 80 Marks)

Q.No.	Questions	Marks	KL	CO
11. a)	i. If $f(x) = \frac{x^2-1}{x^2+x+1}$, then find $f'(x)$ and $f''(x)$.	8	K3	CO1
	ii. The equation of motion of a particle is $S = t^3 - 3t$, where S is in meters and t is in seconds. Find a. the velocity and acceleration as functions of t, b. the acceleration at 2 seconds, and c. the acceleration when the velocity is 0.	8	K3	CO1

(OR)

b)	i) Find the maximum and minimum values of $f(x) = 3x^4 - 16x^3 - 18x^2$, $-1 \leq x \leq 4$.	16	K3	CO1
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12. a)	i. If $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$, find $\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(r, \theta)}$, $\frac{\partial(r, \theta)}{\partial(x, y)}$.	8	K3	CO2
	ii. If $u = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x+y}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}}\right)$, then prove that $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{2} \cot u$.	8	K3	CO2

(OR)

b)	If z is a function of x and y and u and v are other two variables, such that $u = lx + my$, $v = ly - mx$. Show that	16	K3	CO2
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$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = (l^2 + m^2) \left(\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial u^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial v^2} \right).$$

13. a)	i. Evaluate $\int \sin 4x \cos 5x dx$	8	K3	CO3
	ii. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^n x}{\cos^n x + \sin^n x} dx$	8	K3	CO3

(OR)

b)	i. Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{3+2x+x^2} dx$	8	K3	CO3
	ii. Evaluate $\int e^x \cos x dx$	8	K3	CO3

14. a) i. Show that the area between the parabolas $y^2 = 4ax$ and $x^2 = 4ay$ is $\frac{16}{3}a^2$ using double integration . 8 K3 CO4
- ii. Change the order of integration and hence evaluate $\int_0^{1-2-x} \int_{x^2} xy dy dx$. 8 K3 CO4
- (OR)
- b) Evaluate $I = \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2-z^2}} dz dy dx$. 16 K3 CO4
15. a) i. Solve $(D^2 + 2D + 2)y = e^{-2x} + \cos 2x$. 8 K3 CO5
- ii. Solve $(D^2 + 3D + 2)y = x \sin x$. 8 K3 CO5
- (OR)
- b) i. Solve $(x^2 D^2 - xD + 1)y = \sin(\log x)$. 8 K3 CO5
- ii. Solve $(D^2 + 1)y = \sec x$ by method of variation of parameters. 8 K3 CO5